Technical Data Sheet

Sabouraud Dextrose Contact Agar + LTHTh - ICR

Ordering number: 1.46201.0020 / 1.46201.0200

Sabouraud Dextrose Contact Agar + LTHTh - ICR is designed for the determination of the total viable count of yeasts and molds on dry, sanitized surfaces and personnel in **Isolator**s and **C**lean **R**ooms.

Ten contact plates each with a diameter of 55 mm are triple-bagged in transparent, hydrogen peroxide impermeable sleeves. The product is gamma-irradiated in the final packaging at a dose of 9-20 kGy. The sleeves consist of polypropylene with a barrier of PE-EVOH-PE.

To differentiate Tryptic soy agar (TSA) from Sabouraud Dextrose agar (SDA), SDA ICR media are filled in pink colored dish.

The formulation of the basic medium (Peptone Dextrose Agar) is prepared according to the recommendations of the current European, Japanese and United States Pharmacopoeia (EP, 2.6.12.; JP, 4.05 and USP, 61) and supplemented with neutralizers.

Further plate designs are available with the identical media formulation:

- SDA + LTHTh - ICR+ (article number 146501): 55 mm contact plates, triple-bagged, gamma-irradiated; intended for microbial monitoring of air (passive and active) and personnel in Clean Rooms and Isolators. The plate design allows aerobic, microaerophilic and anaerobic incubation.
- SDA + LTHTh - ICR (article number 146005): 90 mm settle plates, triple-bagged, gamma-irradiated; intended for microbial monitoring of air (passive and active) and personnel in Clean Rooms and Isolators. The plate design allows aerobic incubation only.
- SDA + LTHTh - ICR+ (article number 146702, only available upon request, filled in transparent dish): 90 mm lockable settle plates; triple-bagged; gamma-irradiated; intended for microbial monitoring of air (passive and active) and fingerprints of personnel in Clean Rooms and Isolators. The plate design allows aerobic, microaerophilic and anaerobic incubation.

Mode of Action

Sabouraud Dextrose Agar (SDA) is a complex medium for cultivation and isolation of yeasts and molds. The medium is supplemented with pyruvate to provide an efficient neutralization of hydrogen peroxide for use in Isolators. According to pharmacopoeia and ISO 18415, the neutralizers lecithin, polysorbate (Tween®) 80, histidine and sodium thiosulfate are suitable for neutralization of disinfectant residues containing the following active agents:

- Aldehydes
- Bis-biguanides
- Oxidizing compounds
- Parabens
- Phenolic compounds
- Quaternary ammonium compounds

The high concentration of dextrose in addition with the low pH promotes the growth, the formation of spores (conidia and sporangia) as well as the formation of pigments of yeasts and molds. On the other side the growth of bacteria is inhibited.

Typical Composition

Casein Peptone	5 g/l
Meat Peptone	5 g/l
Dextrose	40 g/l
Polysorbate (Tween®) 80	5 ml/l
Lecithin	0.7 g/l
Histidine	0.5 g/l
Sodium thiosulfate	0.3 g/l
Agar	18 g/l

The appearance of the medium is clear and yellowish. The pH value is in the range of 5.4-5.8. The medium can be adjusted and/or supplemented according to the performance criteria required.

Application and Interpretation

The plates are introduced into Clean Rooms grade A or B by removing one bag in each material lock. For use in Isolators the inner bag has a hole in the sealing to hang up the bag during decontamination. Do not leave plates which are unprotected (unwrapped) in an Isolator during decontamination.

Each plate is provided with a label including a data matrix code for paperless plate identification. The code consists of a two-dimensional 20-digit serial number, which harbors the following information: Digits 1-3: here code 805 (corresponds to article 146201); digits 4-9: lot number; digits 10-14: batch specific individual number; digits 15-20: expiration date (YY/MM/DD).

Please check each agar plate before using it on sterility and pay attention to aseptic handling to avoid false positive results.

According to ISO 14698 the plates are opened, and the agar surface is pressed on the dry surface to be tested for some seconds with a steady pressure. Similar recommendations are included in the PDA technical report No.13. Afterwards the plates are closed and transferred to an incubator. To protect the plates from secondary contamination during transport and incubation outside of the Clean Room zone, sterile transport bags (article number 146509) may be used. Residues of culture medium should be removed from the surface after sampling.

Several recommendations are given by different guidelines for incubation: according to USP <1116> the plates used for environmental monitoring should be incubated between 20 and 35 °C for not less than 72 hours. According to the FDA Aseptic Guide the plates for determination of the total yeast and mold count should be incubated at 20 to 25 °C for 5 to 7 days. Individual incubation conditions can be chosen and should be validated at the application side.

Finally, the number of CFU per plate is examined.

Grown colonies are recommended to be identified.

Storage and Shelf Life

The product can be used for sampling until the expiry date if stored upright, protected from light and properly sealed at +15 °C to +25 °C.

Condensation can be prevented by avoiding quick temperature shifts and mechanical stress.

The testing procedures as described on the CoA can be started up to the expiry date printed on the label.

Disposal

Please mind the respective regulations for the disposal of used culture medium (e.g. autoclave for 20 min at 121 °C, disinfect, incinerate etc.).

Quality Control

Control Strains	ATCC #	Inoculum CFU	Incubation	Expected Result Recovery in %
Candida albicans + 50µl Aerodesin 2000	10231	10-100	66-74 h at 20-25 °C	50-200
Aspergillus brasiliensis + 50µl Aerodesin 2000	16404	10-100	66-74 h at 20-25 °C	50-200

Please refer to the actual batch related Certificate of Analysis.

Literature

EU GMP Medicinal Products for Human and Veterinary use (2008): Annex1 Manufacture of Sterile Medicinal Products.

European Pharmacopoeia 9.0 (2016): 2.6.12. Microbial examination of non-sterile products (total viable aerobic count).

Guidance for Industry (2004): Sterile Drug Products Produced by Aseptic Processing - Current Good Manufacturing Practice.

ISO 14698-1:2003: Clean Rooms and associated controlled environments - Biocontamination control - Part 1: General principles and methods.

ISO 18415 (2017 [E]): Cosmetics – Microbiology – Detection of specified and non-specified microorganisms

Japanese Pharmacopoeia 16th edition (2011): 4.05 Microbial Limit Test.

PDA Technical Report No. 13 (2014 Revised): Fundamentals of an Environmental Monitoring Program.

United States Pharmacopoeia 41 NF 36 (2018): <61> Microbiological Examination of Non-Sterile Products: Microbial Enumeration Tests; <1116> Microbiological Control and Monitoring of Aseptic Processing Environments.

Ordering Information

Product	Cat. No.	Pack size
Sabouraud Dextrose Contact Agar + LTHTh - ICR	1.46201.0020	20 x 55 mm plates
Sabouraud Dextrose Contact Agar + LTHTh - ICR	1.46201.0200	200 x 55 mm plates
Sabouraud Dextrose Contact Agar + LTHTh - ICR+	1.46501.0020	20 x 55 mm plates
Sabouraud Dextrose Contact Agar + LTHTh - ICR+	1.46501.0200	200 x 55 mm plates
Sabouraud Dextrose Agar + LTHTh - ICR	1.46005.0020	20 x 90 mm plates
Sabouraud Dextrose Agar + LTHTh - ICR	1.46005.0120	120 x 90 mm plates
Sabouraud Dextrose Agar + LTHTh - ICR+	1.46702.0020	20 x 90 mm plates
Sabouraud Dextrose Agar + LTHTh - ICR+	1.46702.0120	120 x 90 mm plates
Transport Bags, sterile	1.46509.0125	25 x 5 bags

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