

#### **Technical Data Sheet**

# Tryptic Soy Agar + LT - ICR

Ordering number: 1.46050.0020 / 1.46050.0120

Tryptic Soy Agar + LT - ICR in 90 mm settle plates is designed for the determination of the total aerobic microbial count in air via active or passive air monitoring as well as fingerprints of personnel in Isolators and Clean Rooms.

Ten settle plates each with a diameter of 90 mm are triple-bagged in transparent, hydrogen peroxide impermeable sleeves. The product is gamma-irradiated in the final packaging at a dose of 9-20 kGy. The sleeves consist of polypropylene with a barrier of PE-EVOH-PE.

The formulation of the basic medium (Soybean-Casein Digest Agar) is prepared according to the recommendations of the current European, Japanese and United States Pharmacopoeia (EP, 2.6.12.; JP, 4.05 and USP, 61) and supplemented with neutralizers.

Further plate designs are available with the identical media formulation:

- TSA + LT ICR+ (article number 146684): 90 mm lockable settle plates, triple-bagged, gamma-irradiated; intended for microbial monitoring of air (passive and active) and personnel in cleanrooms and isolators. The plate design allows aerobic, microaerophilic and anaerobic incubation.
- TSA Contact + LT ICR (article number 146195): 55 mm contact plates, triple-bagged, gamma-irradiated; intended for microbial monitoring of air (passive and active) and personnel in cleanrooms and isolators. The plate design allows aerobic incubation only.
- TSA Contact + LT ICR+ (article number 146552): 55 mm lockable contact plates, triple-bagged, gamma-irradiated; intended for microbial monitoring of dry, sanitized surfaces and personnel in cleanrooms and isolators. The plate design allows aerobic, microaerophilic and anaerobic incubation.

#### **Mode of Action**

Tryptic Soy Agar (TSA, Soybean Casein Digest Agar) is a complex medium for cultivation and isolation of a wide range of bacteria, yeasts and molds. The medium is supplemented with pyruvate in order to provide an efficient neutralization of hydrogen peroxide for use in isolators. Internal studies confirmed the neutralization efficiency of the neutralizers lecithin and polysorbate (Tween®) 80 for disinfectants containing the following active agents:

- Alcohol (70 % ethanol or isopropyl alcohol)
- Dichloroisocyanurate
- Glucoprotamine
- Hydrogen Peroxide
- Peracetic acid
- Low concentrated quaternary ammonium compounds

The neutralizing efficiency towards residues of disinfectants in use should be validated at the application site. For neutralization of high concentrated quaternary ammonium compounds and/or polyhexamethylene biguanides the use of Neutralizer A Contact Plates is recommended (article number 146697).



#### **Typical Composition**

Casein Peptone	15 g/l
Soy Peptone	5 g/l
NaCl	5 g/l
Polysorbate (Tween®) 80	5 ml/l
Lecithin	0.7 g/l
Agar	15 g/l

The appearance of the medium is clear and yellowish. The pH value is in the range of 7.1-7.5. The medium can be adjusted and/or supplemented according to the performance criteria required.

## **Application and Interpretation**

The plates are introduced into cleanrooms grade A or B by removing one bag in each material lock. For use in isolators the inner bag has a hole in the sealing to hang up the bag during decontamination. Do not leave plates which are unprotected (unwrapped) in an isolator during decontamination.

Each plate is provided with a label including a data matrix code for paperless plate identification. The code consists of a two-dimensional 20-digit serial number, which harbors the following information:

Digits 1-3: here code 702 (corresponds to article 146050); digits 4-9: lot number; digits 10-14: batch specific individual number; digits 15-20: expiration date (YY/MM/DD).

Please check each agar plate before using it on sterility and pay attention to aseptic handling in order to avoid false positive results.

The plates may be used for passive or active air monitoring as described in USP chapter <1116> or ISO 14698. For active air sampling please follow the guidance of the air sampler. Typically 1000 liter of air are samples for quantification of CFU. The exposure time of opened settle plates should be validated with respect to the environmental conditions of the sampling area such as flow rates, temperatures and relative humidity to preclude desiccation. Afterwards the plates are closed and transferred to an incubator. To protect the plates from secondary contamination during transport and incubation outside of the cleanroom zone, sterile transport bags (article number 146509) may be used.

Several recommendations are given by different guidelines for incubation: according to USP <1116> the plates used for environmental monitoring should be incubated between 20 and 35 °C for not less than 72 hours. According to the FDA Aseptic Guide the plates for determination of the total aerobic bacterial count should be incubated at 30 to 35 °C for 48 to 72 hours, while the plates for determination of the total yeast and mold count should be incubated at 20 to 25 °C for 5 to 7 days. Individual incubation conditions can be chosen and should be validated at the application side. For anaerobic incubation we recommend to use the lockable version in "VENT" position, which facilitates the gas exchange within the plate.

Finally the number of CFU per plate is examined.

Grown colonies are recommended to be identified.

#### **Storage and Shelf Life**

The product can be used for sampling until the expiry date if stored upright, protected from light and properly sealed at +2 °C to +25 °C.



Condensation can be prevented by avoiding quick temperature shifts and mechanical stress.

Please store the plates at stable temperatures. The plates show minimum water condensation when stored at 15°C - 25°C.

The testing procedures as described on the CoA can be started up to the expiry date printed on the label.

## **Disposal**

Please mind the respective regulations for the disposal of used culture medium (e.g. autoclave for 20 min at 121 °C, disinfect, incinerate etc.).

## **Quality Control**

Control Strains	ATCC #	Inoculum	Incubation	Expected Result
		CFU		Recovery in %
Staphylococcus aureus	6538	10-100	20-24 h at 30-35 °C	50-200
Staphylococcus aureus in presence of 120 µl Cutasept® F	6538	10-100	20-24 h at 30-35 °C	50-200
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	9027	10-100	20-24 h at 30-35 °C	50-200
Bacillus subtilis	6633	10-100	20-24 h at 30-35 °C	50-200
Candida albicans	10231	10-100	44-48 h at 30-35 °C	50-200
Aspergillus brasiliensis	16404	10-100	44-48 h at 30-35 °C	50-200

Please refer to the actual batch related Certificate of Analysis.

### Literature

EU GMP Medicinal Products for Human and Veterinary use (2008): Annex1 Manufacture of Sterile Medicinal Products.

European Pharmacopoeia 8.0 (2014): 2.6.12. Microbial examination of non-sterile products (total viable aerobic count).

Guidance for Industry (2004): Sterile Drug Products Produced by Aseptic Processing - Current Good Manufacturing Practice.

ISO 14698-1:2003: Cleanrooms and associated controlled environments - Biocontamination control - Part 1: General principles and methods.

Japanese Pharmacopoeia 16th edition (2011): 4.05 Microbial Limit Test.

PDA Technical Report No. 13 (2014 Revised): Fundamentals of an Environmental Monitoring Program.

United States Pharmacopoeia 38 NF 33 (2015): <61> Microbiological Examination of Non-Sterile Products: Microbial Enumeration Tests; <1116> Microbiological Control and Monitoring of Aseptic Processing Environments.



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