

MOUSE ANTI-RETINAL PIGMENT EPITHELIUM 65 (RPE65) MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

CATALOG NUMBER: MAB5428

LOT NUMBER:

QUANTITY: 100 μg

CONCENTRATION: 1 mg/mL

SPECIFICITY: Reacts with Retinal Pigment Epithelium 65 (RPE65). On bovine RPE membranes the

antibody recognizes a protein with a molecular weight of ~65 kDa.

IMMUNOGEN: Bovine RPE microsomal membranes.

ISOTYPE: lgG₁

Western blot: 1:5,000-1:10,000 on bovine RPE membranes using ECL. Suggested dilution APPLICATIONS:

> buffer is TBS containing 10% calf serum, 0.25% T-20, 1M D-glucose with 10% glycerol. Suggested blocking buffer is TBS containing 2% BSA and 0.5% Tween 20. Preferred gel

percentage is 10%.

Immunohistochemistry on frozen tissue sections: 1:250-1:500

Immunoprecipitation: 20 μg of antibody in a reaction volume of 500 μL.

Immunoaffinity purification

ELISA

Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

SPECIES REACTIVITY: Human, mouse, rat, bovine, monkey, chicken and Xenopus laevis. Other species have not

yet been tested.

FORMAT: Purified immunoglobulin.

PRESENTATION: Liquid in PBS.

STORAGE/HANDLING: Maintain at 2-8°C in undiluted aliquots for up to 6 months after date of receipt.

REFERENCE: Nicoletti, A., et al., Hum. Mol. Genet. (1995) 4:641-649.

Important Note: During shipment, small volumes of product will occasionally become entrapped in the seal of the product vial. For

products with volumes of 200 µL or less, we recommend gently tapping the vial on a hard surface or briefly

centrifuging the vial in a tabletop centrifuge to dislodge any liquid in the container's cap.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY: NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES. NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL CONSUMPTION

Unless otherwise stated in our catalog or other company documentation accompanying the product(s), our products are intended for research use only and are not to be used for any other purpose, which includes but is not limited to, unauthorized commercial uses, in vitro diagnostic uses, ex vivo or in vivo therapeutic uses or any type of consumption or application to humans or

©2002 - 2010: Millipore Corporation. All rights reserved. No part of these works may be reproduced in any form without permission in writing.