

User Guide

Mouse IL-6 R ELISA Kit

For Serum, Plasma, Cell Culture Supernatants

RAB0314

Introduction

The Mouse IL-6R (interleukin 6 soluble receptor) ELISA kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the quantitative measurement of mouse IL-6R in serum, plasma and cell culture supernatants. This assay employs an antibody specific for mouse IL-6R coated on a 96-well plate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and IL-6R present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and biotinylated anti-mouse IL-6R antibody is added. After washing away unbound biotinylated antibody, HRP-conjugated streptavidin is pipetted to the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of IL-6R bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

Storage

The entire kit may be stored at -20°C for up to 1 year from date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. The kit may be stored at 4°C for up to 6 months. For extended storage, it is recommended to store at -80°C.

Components

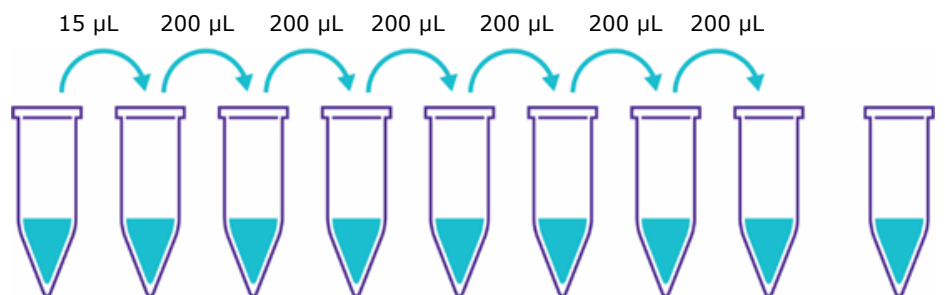
- Mouse IL-6 R Microplate - RAB0314A-EA: 96 wells (12 strips x 8 wells) coated with anti-Mouse IL-6 R. Stable in storage 1 month at 4 °C once opened. Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack, reseal along the edge.
- Mouse IL-6 R Standard Protein - RAB0314C-1VL: 2 vials of Mouse IL-6 R. 1 vial is enough to run each standard in duplicate. Stable in storage 1 week at -80 °C once opened.
- Mouse IL-6 R Detection Antibody - RAB0314D-1VL: 2 vials of biotinylated anti-Mouse IL-6 R. Each vial is enough to assay half the microplate. Stable in storage 5 days at 4 °C once opened.
- Wash Buffer - RABWASH4: 25 mL of 20X concentrated solution. Stable in storage 1 month at 4 °C once opened.
- HRP-Streptavidin - RABHRP5: 200 µL 400X concentrated HRP-conjugated streptavidin. Do not store and reuse.
- TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent - RABTMB3: 12 mL of 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffer solution.
- Stop Solution - RABSTOP3: 8 mL of 0.2 M sulfuric acid.
- Assay Diluent A - RABELADA-30ML: 30 mL of diluent buffer, 0.09% sodium azide as preservative.
- 5X Assay Diluent B - RABELADE-15ML: 15 mL of 5X concentrated buffer. Stable in storage 1 month at 4°C once opened.

Additional Materials Required (But Not Provided)

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Precision pipettes to deliver 2 µl to 1 mL volumes.
- Adjustable 1-25 mL pipettes for reagent preparation.
- 100 mL and 1 liter graduated cylinders.
- Absorbent paper.
- Distilled or deionized water.
- Log-log graph paper or computer and software for ELISA data analysis.
- Tubes to prepare standard or sample dilutions.

Reagent Preparation

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18-25 °C) before use.
2. 5X Assay Diluent B should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use.
3. Sample dilution: Assay Diluent A should be used for dilution of serum and plasma samples. 1X Assay Diluent B should be used for dilution of cell culture supernatant samples. The suggested dilution for normal serum/plasma is 20 - 200-fold.
Note: Levels of IL-6 R may vary between different samples. Optimal dilution factors for each sample must be determined by the investigator.
4. Preparation of standard: Briefly spin a vial of Standard Protein. Add 400 µL Assay Diluent A (for serum/plasma samples) or 1X Assay Diluent B (for cell culture supernatants) into the Standard Protein vial to prepare a 50 ng/mL standard. Dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix. Add 15 µL IL-6R standard (50 ng/mL) from the vial of Standard Protein, into a tube with 485 µL Assay Diluent A or 1X Assay Diluent B to prepare a 1,500 pg/mL standard solution. Pipette 300 µL Assay Diluent A or 1X Assay Diluent B into each tube. Use the 1,500 pg/mL standard solution to produce a dilution series (shown below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. Assay Diluent A or 1X Assay Diluent B serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).



		Std 1	Std 2	Std 3	Std 4	Std 5	Std 6	Std 7	0 Std
Diluent volume	Std + 400 µL	485 µL	300 µL	300 µL	300 µL	300 µL	300 µL	300 µL	300 µL
Concentration	50 ng/mL	1500 pg/mL	600 pg/mL	240 pg/mL	96 pg/mL	38.4 pg/mL	15.36 pg/mL	6.14 pg/mL	0 pg/mL

5. If the Wash Buffer (20X) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 mL of 1X Wash Buffer.
6. Briefly spin the Detection Antibody vial before use. Add 100 μ L of 1X Assay Diluent B into the vial to prepare a detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently (the concentrate can be stored at 4 °C for 5 days). The detection antibody concentrate should be diluted 80-fold with 1X Assay Diluent B and used in step 5 of the assay procedure.
7. Briefly spin the HRP-Streptavidin concentrate vial and pipette up and down to mix gently before use, as precipitates may form during storage. HRP-Streptavidin concentrate should be diluted 400-fold with 1X Assay Diluent B.

For example: Briefly spin the HRP-Streptavidin vial and pipette up and down to mix gently. Add 30 μ L of HRP-Streptavidin concentrate into a tube with 12 mL 1X Assay Diluent B to prepare a 400-fold diluted HRP-Streptavidin solution (don't store the diluted solution for next day use). Mix well.

Assay Procedure

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18-25 °C) before use. It is recommended that all standards and samples be run at least in duplicate.
2. Label removable 8-well strips as appropriate for your experiment.
3. Add 100 μ L of each standard (see Reagent Preparation step 4) and sample into appropriate wells. Cover wells and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature with gentle shaking.
4. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1X Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 μ L) using a multi-channel Pipette or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
5. Add 100 μ L of 1X prepared biotinylated antibody (Reagent Preparation step 6) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
6. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 4.
7. Add 100 μ L of prepared Streptavidin solution (see Reagent Preparation step 7) to each well. Incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking.
8. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 4.
9. Add 100 μ L of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with gentle shaking.
10. Add 50 μ L of Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

Assay Procedure Summary

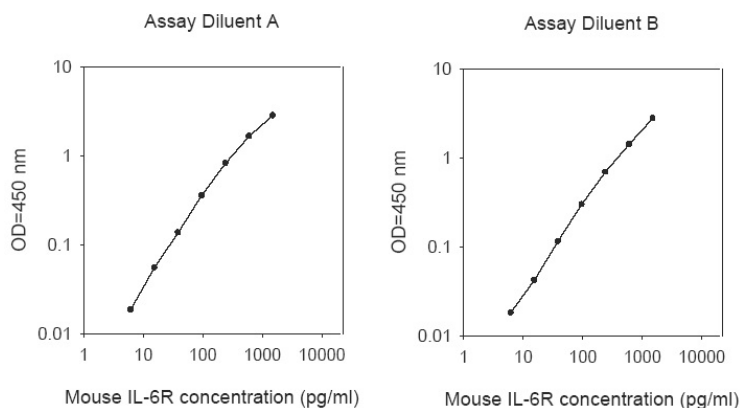
1. Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed.
2. Add 100 μ L standard or sample to each well. Incubate 2.5 hours at room temperature.
3. Add 100 μ L prepared biotin antibody to each well. Incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
4. Add 100 μ L prepared Streptavidin solution. Incubate 45 minutes at room temperature.
5. Add 100 μ L TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.
6. Add 50 μ L Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

Calculation of Results

Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples, and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Plot the standard curve on log-log graph paper or using Sigma plot software, with standard concentration on the x-axis and absorbance on the y-axis. Draw the best-fit straight line through the standard points.

Typical Data

These standard curves are for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Sensitivity

The minimum detectable dose of Mouse IL-6 R was determined to be 6 pg/mL.

Minimum detectable dose is defined as the analyte concentration resulting in an absorbance that is 2 standard deviations higher than that of the blank (diluent buffer).

Spiking & Recovery

Recovery was determined by spiking various levels of Mouse IL-6 R into the sample types listed below. Mean recoveries are as follows:

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range (%)
Serum	89	82-97
Plasma	90	85-95
Cell Culture Supernatants	103	95-111

Linearity

Sample Type		Serum	Plasma	Cell Culture Supernatants
1:2	Average % of Expected	102	104	105
	Range (%)	112-133	96-112	97-113
1:4	Average % of Expected Range	94	103	113
	Range (%)	86-102	95-111	105-121

Reproducibility

Intra-Assay CV%: <10%

Inter-Assay CV%: <12%

Specificity

This ELISA kit shows no cross-reactivity with the following cytokines tested: Mouse CD30, L CD30, T CD40, CRG-2, CTACK, CXCL16, Eotaxin, Eotaxin-2, Fas Ligand, Fractalkine, GCSF, GM-CSF, IGFBP-3, IGFBP-5, IGFBP-6, IL-1 alpha, IL-1 beta, IL-2, IL-3 Rb, IL-4, IL-5, IL-9, IL-10, IL-12 p70, IL-13, IL-17, KC, Leptin R, LEPTIN(OB), LIX, L-Selectin, Lymphotactin, MCP-1, MCP-5, M-CSF, MIG, MIP-1 alpha, MIP-1 gamma, MIP-2, MIP-3 beta, MIP-3 alpha, PF-4, P-Selectin, RANTES, SCF, SDF-1 alpha, TARC, TCA-3, TECK, TIMP-1, TNF-alpha, TNF RI, TNF RII, TPO, VCAM-1, VEGF

Troubleshooting Guide

Problem	Cause	Solution
Poor standard curve	Inaccurate pipetting	Check pipettes
	Improper standard dilution	Briefly centrifuge the standard protein and dissolve the powder thoroughly by gently mixing
Low signal	Improper preparation of standard and/or biotinylated antibody	Briefly spin down vials before opening. Dissolve the powder thoroughly.
	Too brief incubation times	Ensure sufficient incubation time. Assay procedure step 3 may be done overnight at 4 °C with gentle shaking. Note: may increase overall signals including background.
	Inadequate reagent volumes or improper dilution	Check pipettes and ensure correct preparation
Large CV	Inaccurate pipetting	Check pipettes
	Air bubbles in wells	Remove bubbles in wells
High background	Plate is insufficiently washed	Review the manual for proper wash. If using a plate washer, ensure that all ports are unobstructed.
	Contaminated wash buffer	Make fresh wash buffer
Low sensitivity	Improper storage of the ELISA kit	Store your standard at -70 °C after reconstitution, others at 4 °C. Keep substrate solution protected from light.
	Stop Solution	Add stop solution to each well before reading plate

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