

3050 Spruce Street
Saint Louis, Missouri 63103 USA
Telephone 800-325-5832 • (314) 771-576
Fax (314) 286-7828
email: techserv@sial.com
sigma-aldrich.com

ProductInformation

SIGMA QUALITY CONTROL TEST PROCEDURE

Enzymatic Assay of ALDOLASE¹ (EC 4.1.2.13)

PRINCIPLE:

Fructose 1,6-Diphosphate + H₂O Aldolase > G 3-P + DHAP

G 3-P $\frac{TPI}{}$ DHAP

2 DHAP + 2 β-NADH $\frac{\alpha - GDH}{\alpha}$ > 2 α-Glycerophosphate + 2 β-NAD

Abbreviations used:

G 3-P = Glyceraldehyde 3-Phosphate

DHAP = Dihydroxyacetone Phosphate

TPI = Triosephosphate Isomerase

 α -GDH = α -Glycerophosphate Dehydrogenase

β-NADH = β-Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide. Reduced Form

β-NAD = β-Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide, Oxidized Form

CONDITIONS: T = 25°C, pH = 7.4, A_{340nm} , Light path = 1 cm

METHOD: Continuous Spectrophotometric Rate Determination

REAGENTS:

A. 100 mM Tris HCl Buffer, pH 7.4 at 25°C.
 (Prepare 250 ml in deionized water using Trizma Base, Sigma Prod. No. T-1503. Adjust to pH 7.4 at 25°C with 1 M HCl.)

- B. 58 mM Fructose 1,6-Diphosphate Solution (F 1,6-DP)
 (Prepare 1 ml in deionized water using D-Fructose 1,6-Diphosphate, Tetra(cyclohexylammonium) Salt, Sigma Prod. No. F-0752.)
- C. 4.0 mM β-Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide, Reduced Form Solution (β-NADH) (Prepare 2 ml in cold deionized water using β-Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide, Reduced Form, Disodium Salt, Sigma Prod. No. N-8129 or dissolve the contents of one 5 mg vial of β-Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide, Reduced Form, Disodium Salt, Sigma Stock. No. 340-105, in the appropriate volume of deionized water.)
- D. α-Glycerophosphate Dehydrogenase/Triosephosphate Isomerase Enzyme Solution (α-GDH/TPI)
 (Immediately before use, prepare a solution containing 50 α-GDH units/ml of α-Glycerophosphate Dehydrogenase/Triosephosphate Isomerase, Sigma Prod. No. G-6755, in cold deionized water.)

Enzymatic Assay of ALDOLASE¹ (EC 4.1.2.13)

REAGENTS: (continued)

SP-FDP01 Page 1 of 3

Revised: 10/03/95

E. Aldolase Enzyme Solution (Immediately before use, prepare a solution containing 0.25 - 0.50 unit/ml of Aldolase in cold Reagent A.)

PROCEDURE:

Pipette (in milliliters) the following reagents into suitable cuvettes:

	<u>Test</u>	<u>Blank</u>
Reagent A (Buffer)	2.60	2.60
Reagent B (F 1,6-DP)	0.10	0.10
Reagent C (β-NADH)	0.10	0.10
Reagent D (α-GDH/TPI)	0.10	0.10

Mix by inversion and equilibrate to 25° C. Monitor the A_{340nm} until constant, using a suitably thermostatted spectrophotometer. Then add:

Immediately mix by inversion and record the decrease in A_{340nm} for approximately 5 minutes. Obtain the ΔA_{340nm} /min using the maximum linear rate for both the Test and Blank.

CALCULATIONS:

Units/ml enzyme =
$$\frac{(\Delta A_{340nm}/min \text{ Test - } \Delta A_{340nm}/min \text{ Blank})(3)(df)}{(2)(6.22)(0.1)}$$

3 = Total volume (in milliliters) of assay

df = Dilution factor

2 = 2 moles of β -NADH converted to 2 moles of β -NAD per mole of Fructose 1,6-Diphosphate

6.22 = Millimolar extinction coefficient of β -NADH at 340 nm

0.1 = Volume (in milliliter) of enzyme used

SP-FDP01 Revised: 10/03/95

Enzymatic Assay of ALDOLASE¹ (EC 4.1.2.13)

CALCULATIONS:	(continued)
---------------	-------------

Units/mg solid =

mg solid/ml enzyme

mg solid/ml enzyme

Units/mg protein =

mg protein/ml enzyme

UNIT DEFINITION:

One unit will convert 1.0 µmole of fructose 1,6-diphosphate to dihydroxyacetone phosphate and glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate per minute at pH 7.4 at 25°C.

FINAL ASSAY CONCENTRATION:

In a 3.00 ml reaction mix, the final concentrations are 90 mM Tris, 1.9 mM fructose 1,6-diphosphate, 0.13 mM β -nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide, 5 units α -glycerophosphate dehydrogenase/triosephosphate isomerase (based on α -glycerophosphate dehydrogenase units) and 0.025 - 0.050 unit aldolase.

REFERENCE:

Bergmeyer, H.U. (1974) Methods of Enzymatic Analysis, Second Edition, Volume I, 430

NOTES:

- This enzyme assay is not to be used to assay Aldolase, from Staphylococcus aureus, Sigma Prod. No. A-2548, Aldolase, insoluble enzyme attached to polyacrylamide from Rabbit Muscle, Sigma Prod. No. A-1386, and Aldolase from Baker's Yeast, Sigma Prod. No. A-9562.
- 2. α-Glycerophosphate Dehydrogenase Unit Definition: One unit will convert 1.0 μmole of dihydroxyacetone phosphate to α-glycerophosphate per minute at pH 7.4 at 25°C.
- 3. Triosephosphate Isomerase Unit Definition: One unit will convert 1.0 µmole of D-glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate to dihydroxyacetone phosphate per minute at pH 7.6 at 25°C.
- 4. All product and stock numbers, unless otherwise indicated, are Sigma product and stock numbers.

Sigma warrants that the above procedure information is currently utilized at Sigma and that Sigma products conform to the information in Sigma publications. Purchaser must determine the suitability of the information and products for its particular use. Upon purchase of Sigma products, see reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

SP-FDP01 Page 3 of 3

Revised: 10/03/95