

3050 Spruce Street, St. Louis, MO 63103 USA
Tel: (800) 521-8956 (314) 771-5765 Fax: (800) 325-5052 (314) 771-5757
email: techservice@sial.com sigma-aldrich.com

# **Product Information**

Anti-CD31(PECAM-1) antibody, Mouse monoclonal clone WM-59, purified from hybridoma cell culture

Product Number P8590

### **Product Description**

Monoclonal Anti-Human PECAM-1 (CD31) (mouse IgG1 isotype) is derived from the WM-59 hybridoma produced by the fusion of mouse myeloma cells and splenocytes from an immunized mouse. The human cell line RC-2A originally derived from myeloid leukemia cells was used as the immunogen. The isotype is determined by a double diffusion immunoassay using Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Isotyping Reagents, Product Number ISO2. The product is Protein A purified and provided as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in 0.01 M phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4.

Monoclonal Anti-Human PECAM-1 (CD31) recognizes the human CD31 antigen expressed on platelets, endothelial cells, myeloid cells, B lymphocytes and certain T lymphocyte subsets.

Monoclonal Anti-Human PECAM-1 (CD31) may be used for studies of PECAM-1 function in cell-cell interactions, for the detection and enumeration of CD31 cells in blood and tissues, and for the isolation of PECAM-1 by immunoaffinity chromatography.

The human PECAM-1 antigen (Platelet Endothelial Cell Adhesion Molecule, CD31, endoCAM. gplla, hec7) is a 130-140 kD single chain integral membrane glycoprotein member of the immunoglobulin gene superfamily of cell adhesion molecules. It consists of 6 lg-like loops in the extracellular domain, a transmembrane domain and a relatively long cytoplasmic domain. Human PECAM-1 (CD31) is expressed on platelets, myeloid cells, B lymphocytes, certain T lymphocyte cell subsets, bone marrow precursor cells and NK cells.

PECAM is abundantly expressed in endothelial cells. It becomes localized to the intracellular junctions in monolayers of cultured endothelial cells.<sup>3</sup> PECAM-1 (CD31) functions in homophilic and heterophilic cell-cell adhesion and cell signaling activities. It plays a major role in the transmigration of monocytes, neutrophils, and NK cells between the endothelial cell junctions into the subendothelial matrix.

The  $\alpha v \beta 3$  (CD51/61) integrin has been suggested to interact with CD31.4 PECAM-1 also binds to alycosaminoglycans (GAG).5 Endothelial PECAM-1 is phosphorylated on tyrosine and serine residues. Tyrosine dephosphorylation following integrin engagement probably plays a role during endothelial cell engagement. Phosphorylation of serine residues in the cytoplasmic domain of platelet CD31 occurs following activation. PECAM-1 (CD31) is possibly involved in some of the interactive events taking place during cardiovascular development inflammation, thrombosis, wound healing, and angiogenesis. Monoclonal Anti-Human PECAM-1 (CD31) was shown to increase the rate of homotypic aggregation induced in U937 cells by TGFβ1.6 Its binding to platelets was reported to be enhanced following their washing and concomitant activation.6

#### **Precautions and Disclaimer**

For R&D use only. Not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

## **Storage**

For continuous use, store at 2–8 °C. For extended, storage freeze in working aliquots. Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Storage in "frost-free" freezers is not recommended. If slight turbidity occurs upon prolonged storage, clarify the solution by centrifugation before use.

# **Product Profile**

<u>Indirect immunofluorescence</u>: a minimum working dilution of 1:100 is determined by staining of endothelial cells in human placenta frozen sections.

<u>Note</u>: In order to obtain best results in various techniques and preparations, it is recommended to determine optimal working dilutions by titration.

#### References

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- 3. Albelda, S.M., et al., J. Cell Biol., 114, 1059 (1991).
- 4. Piali, L., et al., J. Cell Biol., 130, 451 (1995).
- 5. DeLisser, H.M., et al., *J. Biol. Chem.*, **268**, 16037 (1993).
- 6. Leucocyte Typing V, Oxford University Press, pp 1259-1265, (PO25) (1995).

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