Sigma-Aldrich

Product Information

Phosphatase Substrate

5 mg tablets

S0942

Product Description

Synonyms (substrate): 4-Nitrophenyl phosphate disodium salt hexahydrate, *p*-nitrophenyl phosphate disodium salt hexahydrate, pNPP disodium salt hexahydrate

CAS Registry Number (pNPP hexahydrate): 333338-18-4

Molecular Formula (pNPP hexahydrate): $C_6H_4NO_6PNa_2 \bullet 6H_2O$

Formula Weight (pNPP hexahydrate): 371.14

p-Nitrophenyl phosphate (pNPP) is a soluble substrate for use with alkaline phosphatase conjugates in ELISA procedures. ¹⁻³ pNPP may also be used to determine alkaline and acid phosphatase activity in physiological fluids and other aqueous solutions. This substrate produces a soluble end product that is yellow in color and can be read spectrophotometrically at 405 nm. The pNPP reaction may be stopped with 3 M NaOH solution and read at 405 nm.

This product consists of formulated tablets with 5 mg of pNPP per individual tablet. Several theses⁴⁻⁷ and dissertations⁸⁻¹⁴ have cited use of product S0942 in their research protocols.

Precautions and Disclaimer

For R&D use only. Not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Storage/Stability

These tablets should be stored at -20 °C.

Preparation Instructions

Dissolve tablets to the desired concentration in either of the following buffers:

- 0.1 M glycine (pH 10.4), with 1 mM MgCl₂ and 1 mM ZnCl₂
- 1 M diethanolamine (pH 9.8), with 0.5 mM MgCl₂

Typically a pNPP stock concentration of 1 mg/mL is prepared.

Glycine Buffer

To prepare 0.1 M glycine buffer (pH 10.4), with 1 mM $MgCl_2$ and 1 mM $ZnCl_2$:

- Add 7.51 g of glycine, 203 mg of MgCl₂, and 136 mg of ZnCl₂ to ~980 mL of water. Mix.
- 2. Adjust pH to 10.4 with 19 M NaOH.
- 3. Adjust the volume to 1 L with water.

Diethanolamine Buffer

To prepare 1 M diethanolamine buffer (pH 9.8), with 0.5 mM MgCl $_2$:

- 1. Add 97 mL of diethanolamine and 100 mg of MgCl₂ to 800 mL of water. Mix.
- 2. Adjust pH to 9.8 with 10 M HCl.
- 3. Adjust the volume to 1 L with water.

Procedure

1

General ELISA procedure with alkaline phosphatase conjugates

- Add 200 μL of substrate solution (typically 1 mg/mL) per well.
- 2. Incubate the plate in the dark for 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 3. The absorbance can be read at 405 nm on a multiwell plate reader.
- 4. The reaction may be stopped by adding 50 µL of 3 M NaOH per 200 µL of reaction mixture.



Related Products

p-Nitrophenol is the hydrolysis product of p-nitrophenyl phosphate (pNPP) and may be used as a standard to determine enzyme activity. It has a formula ($C_6H_5NO_3$) weight of 139.1.

- Standard solutions can be prepared from the powdered product (Cat. No. 1048) in 0.02 to 1 M NaOH solution.
- A 10 mM p-nitrophenol solution (Cat. No. N7660) is also available.

References

- Voller, A. et al., Bull. World Health Organ., 53(1), 55-65 (1976).
- Engvall, E., Methods Enzymol., 70(A), 419-439 (1980).
- Voller, A., and Bidwell, D., "Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay", in *Manual of Clinical Laboratory Immunology*, 3rd ed. (Rose, N.R. et al., eds.). American Society for Microbiology (Washington, D.C.), pp. 99-109 (1986).
- Mlinar, Diana, "The Role of Trappin-2 and RANTES in Mediating Resistance to HIV-1 Infection". University of Manitoba, M.Sc. thesis, p. 59 (2008).
- 5. Hou, Shenda, "FoxP3 Regulates T Follicular Regulatory Cell Function". Harvard University, M.S. thesis, p. 16 (2018).
- Sorokina, Liudmila, "Enzymatic protein hydrolysis of residual raw material from Atlantic cod: Selectivity of proteases, outcome and bioactivities". The Arctic University of Norway, M.Sc. thesis, p. 70 (2020).
- 7. Irizarry, Paola A. Ramos, "Design and Characterization of a Native Polysaccharide Conjugate Vaccine Against *Cryptococcus Neoformans*". Johns Hopkins University, M.Sc. thesis, pp. 70, 100 (2022).
- 8. Fu, Yinan, "Structure and dynamics of Pseudomonas aeruginosa ICP". University of Glasgow, Ph.D. dissertation, p. 132 (2009).
- 9. Kastner, Renate, "Characterization of the phosphatase Lip1, a novel determinant of *L. monocytogenes* virulence". Universität Wien, Dr. rer. nat. dissertation, p. 55 (2010).

- Martin, Katie Renee, "An integrative approach to understanding PI(3)P signaling and autophagy". Michigan State University, Ph.D. dissertation, p. 115 (2011).
- 11. Abd El Hafez, Mai Moustafa Ahmed, "Role of Complement and Coagulation in Ischemia/Reperfusion Injury" University of Bern, Ph.D. dissertation, p. 117 (2017).
- 12. Barbachano-Guerrero, Arturo, "The Role of Dengue Virus Non-Structural Protein 1 in Disease Pathogenesis". State University of New York / Update Medical University, Ph.D. dissertation, p. 144 (2019).
- 13. Frasse, Philip Michael, "The Regulation of *Plasmodium falciparum* Metabolism by Haloacid Dehalogenase Proteins". Washington University in St. Louis, Ph.D. dissertation, p. 59 (2021).
- 14. Rajaei, Atefeh, "The CPSA and PSR Proteins of Streptococcus agalactiae Provide a United Front to Protect Against the Host Immune System". University of Maine, Ph.D. dissertation, pp. 29, 69 (2022).

Notice

We provide information and advice to our customers on application technologies and regulatory matters to the best of our knowledge and ability, but without obligation or liability. Existing laws and regulations are to be observed in all cases by our customers. This also applies in respect to any rights of third parties. Our information and advice do not relieve our customers of their own responsibility for checking the suitability of our products for the envisaged purpose.

The information in this document is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment by the manufacturing or selling entity, or an affiliate. We assume no responsibility for any errors that may appear in this document.

Technical Assistance

Visit the tech service page at SigmaAldrich.com/techservice.

Terms and Conditions of Sale

Warranty, use restrictions, and other conditions of sale may be found at <u>SigmaAldrich.com/terms</u>.

Contact Information

For the location of the office nearest you, go to SigmaAldrich.com/offices.

The life science business of Merck operates as MilliporeSigma in the U.S. and Canada.

Merck and Sigma-Aldrich are trademarks of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany or its affiliates. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Detailed information on trademarks is available via publicly accessible resources.

