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# **ProductInformation**

Insulin-Like Growth Factor I (IGF-1) Receptor Human, Recombinant Expressed in mouse NSO cells

Product Number I 4657

## **Product Description**

Insulin-like Growth Factor I (IGF-1) Receptor is produced from a DNA sequence encoding the extracellular domain of IGF-I receptor pre-propeptide (amino acids Met 1 to Asn 932) expressed in mouse NSO myeloma cells. The proteolytically cleaved and disulfide linked  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  subunits of IGF-I together have a predicted molecular mass of approximately 100 kDa. Based on N-terminal amino acid sequencing, recombinant human IGF-1  $R\alpha$  subunit has Glu 31 at the N-terminus and the  $\beta$  subunit has Asp 741 at the N-terminus. As a result of glycosylation, the recombinant  $\alpha$  subunit migrates as a doublet (approximately 120 kDa and 150 kDa) and the recombinant  $\beta$  subunit also migrates as a doublet (approximately 46 kDa and 50 kDa) in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

There are two kinds of IGF receptors based on their relative affinities for IGF-I versus IGF-II. The IGF-I receptor prefers IGF-I to IGF-II and weakly binds to insulin. IGF-I receptor, a disulfide-linked heterotetrameric transmembrane protein, consists of two  $\alpha$  and two  $\beta$  subunits. Both the  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  subunits are encoded within a single receptor precursor cDNA. The proreceptor polypeptide is proteolytically cleaved and disulfide-linked to yield the mature heterotetrameric receptor. The IGF-I R is similar in structure to the insulin receptor. The  $\alpha$  subunit of IGF-I R has an extracellular domain, while the  $\beta$  subunit has an extracellular domain, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain.

The IGF-I receptor is highly expressed in all cell types and tissues. Essentially all of the biological activities of IGF-I and II are mediated via IGF-I R.<sup>2</sup>

## Reagent

Recombinant Human Insulin-Like Growth Factor I Receptor is supplied as approximately 50  $\mu g$  of protein

lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in phosphate buffered saline (PBS).

## **Preparation Instructions**

Reconstitute the contents of the vial using sterile phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) containing at least 0.1% human serum albumin or bovine serum albumin. Prepare a stock solution of no less than 50 µg/ml.

## Storage/Stability

Store at –20 °C. Upon reconstitution, store at 2-8 °C for one month. For extended storage, freeze in working aliquots. Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Do not store in a frost-free freezer.

## **Product Profile**

Soluble  $\alpha_2$ - $\beta_2$  heterotetrameric recombinant human IGF-1 R binds IGF-1 in solution but is not an effective IGF-I antagonist.

Purity: >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE, visualized by silver stain.

Endotoxin level is < 1.0 endotoxin units/µg cytokine as determined by the LAL (Limulus amebocyte lysate) method.

## References

- Ullrich, A., et al., Insulin-like growth factor I receptor primary structure: comparison with insulin receptor suggests structural determinants that define functional specificity. EMBO J., 5, 2503-2512 (1986).
- Rechler, M. M. and Nissley, S.P., "Insulin-Like Growth Factors", in Peptide Growth Factors and Their Receptors I, Sporn, M.B., and Roberts, A.B., (Eds.), Springer-Verlag, New York, N.Y., pp. 263-346 (1991).

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